

through Wall Street. Republicans will tell you to be afraid unless we mortgage our future in the 22nd century by giving the rich tax breaks now.

Republicans have had their chance and used it to overwhelm the American people with monstrous debt so the rich can have more riches. The Republicans had their chance and used it to divert America away from the real problems of this country.

Americans are calling this Security September. Just remember to be afraid, afraid of what else the Republicans will do if they remain in power after November 8. Don't forget, there is an election coming.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 503, TO AMEND THE HORSE PROTECTION ACT

Mr. LINCOLN DIAZ-BALART of Florida, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 109-642) on the resolution (H. Res. 981) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 503) to amend the Horse Protection Act to prohibit the shipping, transporting, moving, delivering, receiving, possessing, purchasing, selling, or donation of horses and other equines to be slaughtered for human consumption, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. FLAKE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. FLAKE addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PALLONE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. PALLONE addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN NEW ORLEANS AFTER KATRINA

Ms. MILLENDER-MCDONALD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to speak out of order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the gentlewoman from California is recognized for 5 minutes.

There was no objection.

Ms. MILLENDER-MCDONALD. Mr. Speaker, a year ago last week, Americans saw one of the most devastating natural disasters in our country's recent history. Hurricane Katrina ravaged the gulf coast and overwhelmed the levees of New Orleans, resulting in near total submersion of that city. A year later, the flood waters have receded, yet the devastation sadly remains.

One area where this devastation is most readily apparent is in the city's public schools, many of which were destroyed beyond repair in the storms. However, the system which has arisen

in the wake of Katrina is fragmented and poorly organized. More than half of New Orleans' schools remain closed a year after the storm. Of those that are open, some are run by the city, others are run by the State, and others are run by private companies. As a result, area schools may have different application procedures, admission rules, and starting dates. That is no way to educate children.

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Further complicating this problem is the fact that more students are returning than were ever previously expected, putting an additional strain on a system already stretched to the breaking point. Parents have expressed frustration at the difficulty of navigating this system, and many have been unable to enroll their children in school, despite their best efforts.

These barriers to education are intolerable, Mr. Speaker, anywhere in America. However, it is particularly egregious that we have allowed such barriers to exist for a population that is already so challenged. We must do better, especially for an area with a high minority population, high poverty levels and historically poor academic outcomes.

The consequences of the failure to improve the education system in New Orleans are all too real. Without drastic improvement, we will surely see higher dropout rates and substandard education for those who manage to remain in school.

Furthermore, the effects of this neglect will not rest solely with the young and vulnerable. A poorly educated population promises a bleak future for the entire City of New Orleans and for this country, one characterized by poverty, crime and broken families.

We cannot leave the victims of Hurricane Katrina to fend for themselves twice. President Bush has promised to stand with the victims of Hurricane Katrina until the job is done, yet the persistent problems with New Orleans schools are a disheartening sign that the job is far from done.

In Congress, we have approved four emergency spending bills that together provide more than \$110 billion in Federal aid for rebuilding these areas. However, less than half of this money has actually been spent by Federal agencies, with hardly any accountability. Much needs to be done to help New Orleans recover from the disastrous effects of Hurricane Katrina. However, we must prioritize children in our efforts to rebuild this city, making them first priority.

Therefore, I call on the Bush administration, as well as relevant State and local agencies, to promise the children of New Orleans that they will have access to safe, high quality schools this year. As part of this, the administration must exercise the oversight and follow-through necessary to ensure that Federal funds are appropriately spent and schools are built.

Our children can wait no longer. While Hurricane Katrina resulted in much destruction along the Gulf Coast,

it has also given us an unprecedented opportunity to completely remake underperforming schools. We must do that for the children of America. We must do that for New Orleans children. I demand that this administration and other relevant persons not let this opportunity slip through their fingers.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. BURTON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BURTON of Indiana addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

BRING OUR TROOPS HOME

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from California (Ms. WOOLSEY) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. WOOLSEY. Mr. Speaker, Sergeant Christian Williams of Winter Haven, Florida; Staff Sergeant Tracy Melvin of Seattle, Washington; Lance Corporal Jeremy Long of Sun Valley, Nevada, only 18 years old; Private First Class Colin Wolfe, also an 18 year old, of Manassas, Virginia; and Staff Sergeant Michael Deason of Farmington, Missouri.

Mr. Speaker, these are just five of the Americans who have been killed in action in Iraq since this Chamber last convened. You see, Congress gets to close up shop for a month, the entire month of August, even if we haven't completed the Nation's business. But no such luxury for the 138,000 men and women who are stationed in Iraq. Their dangerous work goes on and on. No adjournment, no recess, no end to their mission in sight.

In fact, many who were scheduled to come home were told in August, no, they had to stay in Iraq. And why? Because their commander-in-chief says that people who want our troops to come home don't understand the world in which we live.

I submit, Mr. Speaker, that it is the President himself whose understanding of our world could use some real work.

Does he understand that his clumsy belligerence has contributed to more intense feelings of jihad and anti-American radicalism in the Muslim world?

Does he understand that the invasion and occupation of Iraq has created many more terrorists than it could possibly defeat?

Does he understand that his policy lit the match that engulfed Iraq in sectarian violence and civil war?

Does he understand that at least 40,000 and perhaps as many as 100,000 innocent Iraqi civilians have died for what he calls their liberation?

Does he understand that military force is one of the least effective ways of exercising American power?

Does he understand the concept of "soft power," the idea that America can and must lead by example, by demonstrating compassion, by promoting our values, by maintaining global goodwill and credibility?

Does he understand that outside his window today at the National Mall, veterans and their families are launching Camp Democracy, a 16-day anti-war demonstration just like the one they held outside the President's Crawford ranch last August?

He must not understand that he has lost the confidence of the people of the United States of America; that in overwhelming numbers they believe he made a mistake in Iraq and want him to reverse course as soon as possible.

It is clear that he understands none of these things, and, as a result, our Nation is paying the price, all of us; all of us who want to live in a country that is admired around the world; all of us who want to be safe from terrorism; all of us who depend on public investment in education and health care, housing and more, investments that won't be possible because of the \$1 trillion cost of the Iraq occupation.

But, of course, no one has sacrificed more than young Americans like Christian Williams, Tracy Melvin, Jeremy Long, Colin Wolfe and Michael Deason, who lost their lives. There is nothing more we can do for them other than honor their memories and take care of their families. But we can save hundreds and perhaps thousands of their fellow soldiers from a similar fate if this ruinous policy continues.

Mr. President, bring our troops home.

GOVERNMENT FAILED TO ADDRESS 9/11 PROPERLY

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New York (Mr. HINCHEY) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. HINCHEY. Mr. Speaker, next Monday, 5 days from now, it will be 5 years since we experienced the attack of September 11, 2001. That was one of the most tragic circumstances ever to confront this country. More than 3,000 Americans lost their lives.

But it has developed into an additionally tragic circumstance for our Nation as a whole, because the administration and the Congress, the entire government of our country, the legislative and executive branches, failed to address the issue properly.

The administration called upon the Congress to give it the authority to conduct itself in a way that was entirely inappropriate, and on October 16, the majority of the Members of this Congress voted to give the President that authority. As a result of that, we have now been bogged down as a result of the attack in Iraq and the subsequent occupation for more than 3 years, and the administration and this Congress have no plan for relieving ourselves of that obligation and responsibility.

One of the tragic aspects of that, of course, is the fact that more than 2,600 American servicemen and women have now lost their lives. That number now is approaching the number of Americans who lost their lives as a result of the attack of September 11th by the al Qaeda network.

There are a great many issues that this Congress has failed to address. Let me begin by talking just for a minute or two about the circumstances that existed prior to that attack of September 11, 2001.

The intelligence agencies of our country had informed the administration beginning with the first meeting of the National Security Council of this administration in January of 2001 that the al Qaeda network offered the greatest threat to the safety and security of America and that it was likely that they were going to advance some form of attack against our country.

Now, we know that they had done other things in the past. They organized the initial attack against the World Trade Center in 1993. They organized the attack against the two United States embassies in East Africa. They organized the attack against the USS *Cole*. The President of the United States was informed from the first day this administration came into office and virtually every single day thereafter up to September 11, 2001, that there was a great danger from the al Qaeda network.

On August 6, 2001, the President's daily briefing said that al Qaeda was determined to attack the United States, and there were other instances where the intelligence community told the administration that al Qaeda was determined to attack the United States. Yet nothing was done about it. No action was taken. The President was on a very extended vacation in Crawford, Texas.

One of the things that this Congress has failed to do is to investigate the intelligence that was available prior to the attack of September 11th and why that intelligence was not used appropriately by this administration to prevent the attack of September 11th.

Why has this Congress failed to carry out its obligations and responsibilities under the Constitution to oversee actions of the administration in that regard? The Senate Select Intelligence Committee has conducted an investigation, but they have failed to release the information with regard to the intelligence that the administration had available to it prior to the attack. We need to ask ourselves why that is the case.

And why is it that the House Intelligence Committee has not carried out its obligations and responsibilities to conduct an investigation as to the quality and caliber of the intelligence information available to the administration prior to the attack of September 11th and why that information, which seems to have been so clear and so focused, was not used appropriately? Let's focus our attention on that.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. EMANUEL) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. EMANUEL addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

TWO WARS—NOT ONE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. SKELTON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. SKELTON. Mr. Speaker, Iraq. A good number of people are confused when the name of that country is mentioned.

Let's be clear. Our country is engaged in two wars. The first is the war against terrorism, which has its genesis in Afghanistan with tentacles reaching throughout the world.

The terrorist group known as al Qaeda, headed by a man named Osama bin Laden, originated in Afghanistan and was protected by the former Afghan Taliban government. After the September 11, 2001, attacks on our country, which were sponsored by bin Laden's al Qaeda, our military forces struck the Taliban government and the al Qaeda strongholds in Afghanistan. Our military forces, along with allied and NATO forces, remain fighting the remnants of al Qaeda and the Taliban with the assistance of the Afghan National Army.

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The attack by our military in the ongoing conflict was a war of necessity. The second war, our attack on Saddam Hussein's Iraq originated because of the alleged threat of weapons of mass destruction against America and our interests. This is a war of choice. After soundly defeating the military in open battle, our occupation of that troubled country came about without proper planning or resources.

Massive looting was allowed. The Iraqi Army was disbanded, without giving former soldiers paychecks and shovels, which caused many to turn against the American occupation. There were insufficient troop numbers to provide a successful military occupation and reconstruction.

Former Sunni Muslim Baathist regime elements formed the basis of a growing insurgency against the occupation forces. They were joined by foreign fighters, mainly al Qaeda, and numerous criminals who were recently released from prison by Saddam Hussein shortly before the conflict started.

In more recent days, a new source of violence has erupted in Iraq, sectarian religious violence with Shia and Sunni elements killing each other. According to a recent Pentagon report, sectarian bloodshed has pushed violence in Iraq to its highest level in more than 2 years. Preventing full-scale civil war is now the most urgent mission of the U.S. troops in that country.

Thus, this is the status of the Iraq war, which is a separate and distinct